

ABSTRAK

Hubungan Antara Status Sosial Ekonomi Orang Tua dan Prestasi Belajar Siswa Dengan Minat Melanjutkan ke PT Siswa kelas III SMUN I Prambanan, Sleman

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Tujuan penelitian ini untuk meneliti hubungan antara status sosial ekonomi orang tua dengan minat melanjutkan ke PT dan antara prestasi belajar siswa dengan minat melanjutkan ke PT.

Populasi dalam penelitian ini adalah siswa kelas III SMUN I Prambanan, Sleman. Teknik pengambilan sampel adalah dengan *purposive sampling* dan *convenience sampling*. Teknik pengumpulan data menggunakan kuesioner. Analisa data menggunakan Chi-square.

Hasil dari penelitian menyatakan bahwa :

1. Tidak ada hubungan antara tingkat pendidikan orang tua dengan minat melanjutkan ke PT sebab $\chi^2 = 0,66 < \chi^2\alpha = 3,84$.
2. Tidak ada hubungan antara jenis pekerjaan orang tua dengan minat melanjutkan ke PT sebab $\chi^2 = 0,22 < \text{dari } \chi^2\alpha = 3,84$.
3. Terdapat hubungan negatif antara tingkat pendapatan orang tua dengan minat melanjutkan ke PT sebab $\chi^2 = 4,5 > \chi^2\alpha = 3,84$.
4. Tidak ada hubungan antara fasilitas yang dimiliki orang tua dengan minat melanjutkan ke PT sebab $\chi^2 = 3,09 < \chi^2\alpha = 3,84$.
5. Terdapat hubungan negatif antara prestasi belajar siswa dan minat melanjutkan ke PT sebab $\chi^2 = 7,76 > \chi^2\alpha = 3,84$.

ABSTRACT

Correlation between Parents Social-Economic Status and Students Learning Achievement and Students Interest in Continuing their Study to College

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The aim of this research is to know the correlation between parents social-economic status and students interest in continuing their study to college and the correlation between students learning achievement and students interest in continuing their study to college.

The population in this research were the third grade students of SMUN I Prambanan, Sleman. Sampling techniques used were purposive sampling and convenience sampling. Data collecting technique used was questionnaire. Data analysis technique used was chi-square test.

The findings are :

1. There was no correlation between the parents education level and the students interest in continuing their study to college. ($\chi^2 = 0,66 < \chi^2\alpha = 3,84$)
2. There was no correlation between parents job occupation and the students interest in continuing their study to college. ($\chi^2 = 0,22 < \chi^2\alpha = 3,84$)
3. There was a negative correlation between parents income level and the students interest in continuing their study to college. ($\chi^2 = 4,5 > \chi^2\alpha = 3,84$)
4. There was no correlation between facilities commanded by parents and the students interest in continuing their study to college. ($\chi^2 = 3,09 < \chi^2\alpha = 3,84$)
5. There was negative correlation between students learning achievements and the students interest in continuing their study to college. ($\chi^2 = 7,76 > \chi^2\alpha = 3,84$)