

ABSTRAK
MANFAAT PROGRAM PEMBINAAN BAGI PENGHUNI
PONDOK PENDAMPINGAN IBU DAN ANAK (PIA) ‘BETHLEHEM’
KONGREGASI SUSTER PENYELENGGARAAN ILAHI
PERIODE 2009-2010

Dwi Suprijanti, 2011

Penelitian ini dimaksudkan untuk memperoleh gambaran tentang manfaat program pembinaan bagi penghuni Pondok Pendampingan Ibu dan Anak (PIA) “Bethlehem”. Subyek pada penelitian ini adalah 16 penghuni PIA “Bethlehem” periode 2009-2010, yaitu: Lely, Deva, Devi, Rinda, Revi, Camel, Andira, Andini, Karina, Kiki, Dika, Rena, Reva, Deandra, Lulu, Lindra (semua nama samaran). Jenis penelitian yang digunakan untuk memperoleh gambaran tentang manfaat program pembinaan adalah kualitatif. Metode pengumpulan data yang digunakan meliputi wawancara mendalam dan observasi

Hasil penelitian menunjukkan: Satu (1 subyek) belum merasakan manfaatnya karena baru berada di PIA selama tiga hari, jadi belum mengikuti seluruh program pembinaan PIA. Lima belas (15 subyek) merasakan manfaat dari program harian yaitu: berdoa pribadi (14 subyek), merawat bayi (13 subyek), jalan-jalan pagi (7 subyek), memasak bersama (5 Subyek), rekreasi bersama (5 subyek), membaca buku (4 subyek). Sedangkan program berkala yang bermanfaat adalah konseling kelompok (6 subyek), konseling individual (5 subyek), periksa kehamilan (5 subyek), dan senam hamil (2 subyek). Jadi program pembinaan harian dan berkala dirasa bermanfaat bagi penghuni PIA tersebut.

Dari hasil wawancara dan observasi peneliti mengetahui manfaat dari program pembinaan dapat membantu penghuni PIA mengelola emosi negatif menjadi positif. Akibatnya perilaku mereka menjadi konstruktif: mampu bersyukur karena dapat menyelamatkan janin (tidak melakukan aborsi), memiliki pengharapan untuk merawat dan membesarkan anak apapun resikonya serta siap menata masa depannya kembali.

ABSTRACT
THE FUNCTION OF AN ESTABLISHMENT
PROGRAM CONCERNING THE INHABITANTS OF THE HOME FOR
WOMAN AND CHILD ASSISTANCE NAMED “BETHLEHEM”
DIVINE PROVIDENCE CONGREGATION
PERIOD 2009 – 2010

Dwi Suprijanti, 2011

The aim of this research is to get a description on the function of an establishment program concerning the inhabitants of the house for woman and child assistance named “Bethlehem”. The subjects on the period of 2009-2010 were Lely, Deva, Devi, Rinda, Revi, Camel, Andira, Andini, Karina, Kiki, Dika, Rena, Reva, Deandra, Lulu, and Lindra (pseudonyms). It used the qualitative method to get description on the function of an establishment program. The writer did some interviews in details followed by the observations. The result was concerned as data.

The result of this research clearly indicated: One (1 subject) did not yet feel the change, possibly because she had just stayed in PIA for only three days, not to mention that she did not attend the whole program. The fifteen subjects were able to feel advantage of daily program such as: personally praying (14 subject), babysitting (13 subjects), taking morning walks (7 subjects), cooking together (5 subjects), having recreation together (5 subjects), reading (4 subjects). Thus, it showed the success of the periodical program such as group counseling (6 subjects), individual counseling (5 subjects), pregnancy checking (5 subjects), and pregnancy gym (2 subjects). The daily and periodical program were acceptable for the inhabitants of the home for woman and child assistance named “Bethlehem.”

The result of the interview and the observation showed that the program could manage a change for the PIA inhabitants, from negative emotion to positive emotion. They are now able to appreciate the life being (their babies) and make an effort to have a good life.