

ABSTRAK

PERSEPSI SISWA SEMINARI MENENGAH ATAS TERHADAP PEMBINAAN DIRI CALON IMAM.

(Studi Deskriptif tentang Persepsi Siswa Seminari Menengah Atas
Santo Yohanes Berkhmans Todabelu – Mataloko – Flores
Tahun Ajaran 1999/2000)

Oleh

Betu Kristoforus

Universitas Sanata Dharma

Yogyakarta

2000

Penelitian ini bertujuan memperoleh informasi yang jelas mengenai persepsi para siswa Seminari Menengah Atas Santo Yohanes Berkhmans Todabelu – Mataloko – Flores Tahun Ajaran 1999/2000 terhadap pembinaan diri calon imam. Penelitian ini dilakukan karena persepsi merupakan unsur yang berperan penting dalam diri siswa di dalam menjalankan panggilannya sebagai calon imam di seminari. Masalah yang diteliti adalah (1) bagaimanakah persepsi para siswa Seminari Menengah Atas Santo Yohanes Berkhmans Todabelu – Mataloko – Flores tahun ajaran 1999/2000 terhadap pembinaan diri calon imam? dan (2) apakah ada perbedaan persepsi tentang pembinaan diri calon imam yang signifikan pada para siswa Seminari Menengah Atas Santo Yohanes Berkhmans Todabelu – Mataloko – Flores tahun ajaran 1999/2000 antara siswa yang berasal dari Seminari Menengah Pertama dan siswa yang berasal dari Kelas Persiapan Bawah; dan antara siswa kelas I, siswa kelas II, dan siswa kelas III?

Jenis penelitian adalah penelitian deskriptif dengan metode survei. Alat pengumpul data adalah kuesioner persepsi siswa Seminari Menengah Atas terhadap pembinaan diri calon imam. Kuesioner terdiri dari 135 item yang mencakup dua bagian. Bagian pertama memuat tujuan kuesioner, petunjuk pengisian kuesioner, dan identitas subyek. Bagian kedua memuat pernyataan-pernyataan tentang persepsi siswa terhadap pembinaan diri calon imam. Subyek

penelitian adalah para siswa Seminari Menengah Atas Santo Yohanes Berkhmans Todabelu – Mataloko – Flores tahun ajaran 1999/2000 yang berjumlah 160 orang. Hasil penelitian kuesioner ini ditentukan reliabilitas dan validitasnya serta dilakukan uji hipotesis dengan teknik statistik Chi-Square.

Hasil penelitian menunjukkan bahwa (1) cukup banyak siswa Seminari Menengah Atas Santo Yohanes Berkhmans Todabelu yang berpersepsi positif terhadap pembinaan diri calon imam (52,5%), dan (2) tidak ada perbedaan persepsi tentang pembinaan diri calon imam yang signifikan pada para siswa Seminari Menengah Atas Santo Yohanes Berkhmans Todabelu antara siswa yang berasal dari Seminari Menengah Pertama dan siswa yang berasal dari Kelas Persiapan Bawah; dan antara siswa kelas I, siswa kelas II, dan siswa kelas III. Hasil penelitian menunjukkan perlu adanya peningkatan kegiatan bimbingan, khususnya menyangkut persepsi siswa terhadap pembinaan diri calon imam di Seminari Menengah Atas Santo Yohanes Berkhmans Todabelu – Mataloko – Flores.

ABSTRACT

THE PERCEPTION OF SENIOR STUDENTS OF THE MINOR SEMINARY
TOWARDS THEIR PERSONAL FORMATION AS CANDIDATES
FOR THE PRIESTHOOD
(A Descriptive Study Concerning the Perception of Senior Students of the Minor
Seminary of St. John Berchmans Todabelu - Mataloko - Flores
Scholastic Year 1999/2000)

By:

Betu Kristoforus

Sanata Dharma University

Yogyakarta

2000

This research aims to obtain clear information concerning the perception of senior high school level students of the Minor Seminary of St. John Berchmans Todabelu - Mataloko - Flores, for the scholastic year 1999/2000 towards their personal formation as candidates for the priesthood. This research was conducted because perceptions are an element with an important role for the students themselves in carrying out their vocation as candidates for the priesthood in the seminary. The problems which have been investigated are (1) what are the perceptions of the senior students of the Minor Seminary of St. John Berchmans Todabelu - Mataloko - Flores, for the scholastic year 1999/2000 towards their personal formation as priestly candidates and (2) is there a significant difference of perception regarding personal formation as a priestly candidate between those students of the Minor Seminary of St. John Berchmans Todabelu - Mataloko - Flores scholastic year 1999/2000, who originate from the junior high school section of this seminary and those who originate from the preparatory year before senior level; and between students at the different senior levels?

The type of research used is descriptive research with the survey method. The device for collecting data is a questionnaire given to the senior students of the

Minor Seminary concerning their personal formation as priestly candidates. The questionnaire is made up of 135 items, which entail two sections. The first section contains the purpose of the questionnaire, directions for completing the questionnaire, and the identity of the subjects. The second section contains statements about the perception of students towards their personal formation as priestly candidates. The subjects of the research are the senior students of the Minor Seminary of St. John Berchmans Todabelu - Mataloko - Flores, scholastic year 1999/2000, which total 160 persons. The research results of this questionnaire are certified in their reliability and validity and the hypothesis tested by using the statistical technique of Chi-Square.

The research results indicate that (1) a significant number of the senior students at the Minor Seminary of St. John Berchmans Todabelu have a positive perception regarding their personal formation as priestly candidates (52.5%), and (2) there is no significant difference in perception regarding their personal formation as priestly candidates between the two groups of students, based on their origin, and between different class levels. The results of this research indicate that there needs to be an increase in the activity of guidance, especially in regard to the perception of the senior students towards their personal formation as priestly candidates in the Minor Seminary of St. John Berchmans Todabelu - Mataloko - Flores.