

ABSTRAK
PERILAKU SEKSUAL SISWA DAN SISWI KELAS I
SMU DOMINIKUS WONOSARI TAHUN AJARAN 2005/2006

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Penelitian ini bertujuan untuk mengetahui: (1) Bagaimanakah kecenderungan bentuk-bentuk perilaku seksual para siswa-siswi kelas I SMU Dominikus Wonosari tahun ajaran 2005/2006. (2) Apakah ada perbedaan perilaku seksual dan siswi kelas I SMU Dominikus Wonosari.

Masalah penelitian adalah: (1) Bagaimanakah kecenderungan bentuk-bentuk perilaku seksual para siswa dan siswi kelas I SMU Dominikus Wonosari tahun ajaran 2005/2006? (2) Apakah ada perbedaan perilaku seksual siswa dan siswi kelas I SMU Dominikus Wonosari 2005/2006?

Jenis penelitian ini adalah penelitian deskriptif dengan metode survei. Populasi penelitian adalah 55 orang dengan perincian 15 orang siswa dan 40 orang siswi. Instrumen yang digunakan adalah kuesioner perilaku seksual yang disusun sendiri oleh peneliti dengan menggunakan validitas konstruk sebesar 0,94 dan reliabilitas sebesar 0,88. Analisis data menggunakan perhitungan frekuensi dan nilai t dengan taraf signifikansi 5%.

Hasil penelitian ini memberikan gambaran umum bahwa (1) Perilaku membahas mengenai seksualitas sering dilakukan siswa (45%) ; kadang-kadang dilakukan oleh siswi (44,69%). (2) Perilaku merayu atau menggoda lawan jenis sering dilakukan siswa (46,67%) ; kadang-kadang dilakukan oleh siswi (46,25%). (3) Perilaku menjaga kesehatan reproduksi sering dilakukan siswa (100%) begitu juga siswi (100%). (4) Perilaku mencari informasi mengenai seksualitas dari berbagai sumber kadang-kadang dilakukan siswa (60%) begitu juga siswi (70,50%). (5) Perilaku memandangi tubuh lawan jenis sering dilakukan siswa (60%); tidak pernah dilakukan oleh siswi (47,50%). (6) Perilaku berpacaran sering dilakukan siswa (46,67%) begitu juga siswi (70%). (7) Perilaku berperan sebagai laki-laki dan perempuan sering dilakukan siswa (100%) begitu juga siswi (100%). (8) perilaku memegang tangan lawan jenis kadang-kadang dilakukan siswa (73,33%) begitu juga siswi (57,50%). (9) perilaku memeluk lawan jenis tidak pernah dilakukan siswa (67%) begitu juga siswi (60%). (10) Perilaku mencium lawan jenis kadang-kadang dilakukan siswa (41,67%) begitu juga siswi (43,13%). (11) Perilaku mengakses media pornografi kadang-kadang dilakukan siswa (48,89%) ; tidak pernah dilakukan oleh siswi (64,17%). (12) Perilaku masturbasi tidak pernah dilakukan siswa (46,67%) begitu juga siswi (85%). (13) Perilaku *petting* tidak pernah dilakukan siswa (66,67%) begitu juga siswi (95%). (14) Perilaku *oral seks* tidak pernah dilakukan siswa (93,33%) begitu juga siswi (95%). (15) perilaku *sexual intercourse* tidak pernah dilakukan siswa (80%) dan siswi (92,5%). (16) perilaku keinginan melakukan aktivitas seksual sering dilakukan siswa (49,33%); kadang-kadang dilakukan oleh siswi (50%). (17) perilaku merasa tertarik dengan lawan jenis

kadang-kadang dilakukan siswa (56,67%) ; siswi (66,25%). (18) perilaku mencintai lawan jenis kadang-kadang dilakukan siswa (60%) ; tidak pernah dilakukan oleh siswi (82,50%). (19) perilaku terangsang secara seksual dari teman lawan jenis kadang-kadang dilakukan siswa (50%) dan siswi (55%). Hasil uji hipotesis menunjukkan bahwa tidak ada perbedaan yang signifikan antara perilaku seksual siswa dan perilaku seksual siswi. Faktor yang kiranya berpengaruh dalam perilaku seksual adalah mudahnya pornografi diakses oleh siswa dan siswi serta kuatnya pengaruh teman sebaya.

ABSTRACT

THE FIRST GRADE STUDENTS' SEXUAL BEHAVIOR AT DOMINIKUS HIGH SCHOOL WONOSARI ACADEMIC YEAR OF 2005/2006

This research was done to find out (1) What sexual behavior tendencies are among the first grade students at Dominikus High School Wonosari academic year of 2005/2006; and (2) Whether there are any differences on sexual behavior between the first grade male and female students at Dominikus High School Wonosari academic year of 2005/2006.

Therefore, the problems formulated in this research were: (1) What are the sexual behavior tendencies among the first grade students at Dominikus High School Wonosari academic year of 2005/2006? and (2) Are there any differences in sexual behavior between the first grade male and female students at Dominikus High School Wonosari academic year of 2005/2006?

This research was a descriptive research implementing survey method. This study's population was 55 students: 15 male students and 40 female. The questionnaire employed here was the sexual behavior questionnaire developed by the writer by implementing construct validity of 0.94 and reliability of 0.88. Furthermore, the data analysis was done by employing the frequency distribution and t-score in its significant level of 5%.

The result of this study provided a general picture that (1) male students often had sexual discussions (45%) yet female students were only sometimes (44.69%). (2) Male students often flirted and teased their opposite sex (46.67%) yet female students only sometimes (46.25%). (3) All male and female students cared for their reproduction health (100%). (4) (60%) male and (70.5%) female often try to find information about sexuality from other sources. (5) Male students often stared at their opposite sex's body (60%) yet female students were never (47.50%). (6) (46.67%) male and (70%) female students often made a date. (7) All (100%) male and (100%) female students often acted as male and female. (8) (73.33%) male and (57.50%) female students sometimes held their opposite sex's hand. (9) (67%) male and (60%) female students never hugged their opposite sex's body. (10) (41.67%) male and (43.13%) female students sometimes kissed their opposites sex. (11) Male students sometimes accessed pornography medias (48.89%) yet female students were never (64.17%). (12) (46.67%) male and (85%) female students never masturbated. (13) (66.67%) male and (95%) female never petted their opposite sex. (14) (93.33%) male and (95%) female never had oral sex. (15) (80%) male and (92.5%) female never had sexual intercourse. (16) Male students often had desire to do sexual activities (49.33%) yet female students were sometimes (50%). (17) (56.67%) male and (66.25%) female students were sometimes attracted to their opposite sex. (18) (60%) male students sometimes loved their opposite sex yet (82.50%) female students were never. (19) (50%) male and (55%) female students were sometimes sexually arouse. The study's hypothesis testing showed that there is no significant difference between male and female student's sexual behavior. The influencing factor on the sexual behavior was they could easily accessed pornography and they were influenced strongly by their peers.