

ABSTRAK

DESKRIPSI ASERTIVITAS PARA SUSTER JUNIOR DAN MEDIOR KONGREGASI SUSTER-SUSTER CINTA KASIH DARI MARIA BUNDA BERBELASKASIH (SCMM) DI SUMATERA UTARA PROVINSI INDONESIA TAHUN 2004

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Penelitian ini bertujuan untuk mendeskripsikan asertivitas para suster junior dan medior SCMM di Sumatera Utara provinsi Indonesia, tahun 2004. Pertanyaan-pertanyaan yang dijawab dalam penelitian ini adalah (1) Seberapa tinggi asertivitas para suster junior SCMM tahun 2004? (2) Seberapa tinggi asertivitas para suster medior SCMM Indonesia tahun 2004? (3) Adakah perbedaan asertivitas para suster junior dan medior SCMM Indonesia tahun 2004?

Jenis penelitian ini adalah penelitian deskriptif dan komparatif. Alat pengumpul data yang digunakan adalah kuesioner asertivitas. Subjek penelitian adalah para suster junior dan medior SCMM Indonesia, tahun 2004 yang berdomisili di daerah Sumatera Utara. Teknik analisis data yang digunakan adalah penggolongan asertivitas berdasarkan PAP (Penilaian Acuan Patokan) tipe I dan *t-test* dengan taraf signifikansi 5%.

Hasil penelitian adalah (1) Di antara para suster junior, ada seorang suster (1%) yang sangat tinggi asertivitasnya; 2 orang (3%) suster yang tinggi asertivitasnya; 22 orang (37%) suster yang cukup tinggi asertivitasnya; 4 orang (7%) suster yang rendah asertivitasnya; dan tidak ada suster yang sangat rendah asertivitasnya. (2) Di antara para suster medior, tidak ada yang sangat tinggi asertivitasnya; ada 4 orang (7%) suster yang tinggi asertivitasnya; 25 orang (42%) suster yang cukup tinggi asertivitasnya; 2 orang (3%) suster yang rendah asertivitasnya; dan tidak ada suster yang sangat rendah asertivitasnya. (3) Dalam hal asertivitas tidak ada perbedaan antara suster junior dan medior SCMM Indonesia tahun 2004.

ABSTRACT

THE DESCRIPTION OF THE ASSERTIVENESS OF THE JUNIOR AND MEDIOR SISTERS OF THE CONGREGATION OF THE SISTERS OF CHARITY OF OUR LADY MOTHER OF MERCY (SCMM) IN THE NORTH SUMATERA, INDONESIAN PROVINCE, IN THE YEAR OF 2004

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The aim of this research was to describe the assertiveness of the junior and medior sisters of the congregation of the Sisters of Charity of our Lady Mother of Mercy (SCMM) in the North Sumatera, Indonesian Province, in the year of 2004. The questions answered in this research were: (1) How high was the assertiveness of the SCMM junior sisters in the year of 2004? (2) How high was the assertiveness of the SCMM medior sisters in the year of 2004? (3) Was there a significant difference in the assertiveness of the SCMM junior sisters and the SCMM medior sisters in the year of 2004?

This research was a descriptive research applying a survey method. The instrument employed was an assertiveness questionnaire. The subjects were all the SCMM junior sisters and the SCMM medior sisters in the North Sumatera, in the year of 2004. The data were analyzed by classifying the assertiveness in the basis of the Norm-Reference Test, type I, and t- test with 5% significance level.

The results of this research indicate that: (1) Among the SCMM junior sisters, one sister (1%) has very high assertiveness, two sisters (3%) have high assertiveness, there are 22 sisters (37%) whose assertiveness is high enough, four sisters (7%) have low assertiveness, and none of the sisters has very low assertiveness. (2) Among the SCMM medior sisters, none of the sisters has very high assertiveness, four sisters (7%) have high assertiveness, there are 25 sisters (42%) whose assertiveness is high enough, two sisters (3%) have low assertiveness, and none of the sisters has very low assertiveness. (3) In assertiveness, there is no significant difference between the SCMM junior sisters and the medior sisters in the North Sumatera, in the year of 2004.