

**ABSTRAK**

**HUBUNGAN ANTARA TINGKAT PENDIDIKAN ORANG TUA  
FASILITAS BELAJAR DAN MOTIVASI BELAJAR  
DENGAN PRESTASI BELAJAR SISWA**

**ISTI RAHAYU  
UNIVERSITAS SANATA DHARMA  
YOGYAKARTA  
2005**

Tujuan penelitian ini adalah untuk mengetahui hubungan antara tingkat pendidikan orang tua, fasilitas belajar, dan motivasi belajar dengan prestasi belajar siswa SMPN 2 Bantul.

Penelitian studi kasus ini dilaksanakan di SMPN 2 Bantul pada bulan Februari – Maret 2005. Penelitian ini dilakukan terhadap seluruh siswa kelas II, semester I SMPN 2 Bantul yang berjumlah 80 siswa. Teknik pengumpulan data yang digunakan adalah kuesioner yang dilengkapi dengan teknik dokumentasi.

Untuk mengetahui hubungan antara tingkat pendidikan orang tua, fasilitas belajar dan motivasi belajar dengan prestasi belajar siswa digunakan teknik analisis korelasi product moment sedang untuk mengetahui hubungan antara tingkat pendidikan orang tua, fasilitas belajar dan motivasi belajar secara bersama-sama dengan prestasi belajar siswa digunakan teknik analisis regresi ganda.

Hasil penelitian menunjukkan bahwa ada hubungan yang positif dan signifikan (1) antara tingkat pendidikan orang tua dengan prestasi belajar siswa ( $t_{hit} = 4,524 > t_{tab} = 1,665$ ), (2) antara fasilitas belajar dengan prestasi belajar siswa, ( $t_{hit} = 4,836 > t_{tabel} = 1,665$ ) dan (3) antara motivasi belajar dengan prestasi belajar siswa ( $t_{hit} = 2,520 > t_{tab} 1,665$ ), serta (4) ada hubungan yang positif dan signifikan antara tingkat pendidikan orang tua, fasilitas belajar dan motivasi belajar dengan prestasi belajar siswa ( $F_{hit} = 19,969 > F_{tab} = 2,725$ ).

## ABSTRACT

### THE CORRELATION BETWEEN PARENTS' EDUCATIONAL LEVELS, FACILITIES TO STUDY AND MOTIVATION TO STUDY WITH THE ACADEMIC ACHIEVEMENT OF STUDENTS

ISTI RAHAYU  
SANATA DHARMA UNIVERSITY  
YOGYAKARTA  
2005

The objective of this study was to know the correlation between the parents' educational level, facility to study and motivation to study with the academic achievement of Students at SMPN 2 Bantul.

This case study was performed at SMPN 2 Bantul from February to March 2005. This study was done to all the Second Grade Students of Semester 1, consisting of 80 students. The data gathering technique used questionnaire with documentation technique as complement.

To know the correlation between individual variables of parents' educational levels, facilities to study and motivation to study with the students' academic achievement, the writer used analysis of product moment correlation. While, to know the correlation of all variables above with the academic achievement of students, it used analysis of multiple regression.

The results showed that there was positive and significant correlation between (1) the educational levels of parents with the students' academic achievement, ( $t_{count} = 4.524 > t_{table} = 1.665$ ), (2) facilities to study with the students' academic achievement, ( $t_{count} = 4.836 > t_{table} = 1.665$ ) and (3) motivation to study with the students' academic achievement ( $t_{count} = 2.520 > t_{table} = 1.665$ ) and (4) educational level of parents, facilities to study and motivation to study collectively with the students' academic achievement, ( $F_{count} = 19.969 > t_{table} = 2.725$ ).