

ABSTRAK

Fransisca Ratih Ariani (2008). Studi Kasus: Persepsi Korban *Bullying* terhadap Fenomena *Bullying* yang Terjadi di Sekolah. Yogyakarta: Fakultas Psikologi, Universitas Sanata Dharma.

Penelitian ini bertujuan untuk mendapatkan gambaran mengenai persepsi korban *Bullying* terhadap *Bullying* yang terjadi di sekolah. Gambaran mengenai persepsi korban *bullying* terhadap *bullying* di sekolah meliputi cara pandang korban terhadap kekerasan dan *bullying*, bentuk-bentuk *bullying* yang dialami, penyebab terjadinya *bullying*, durasi waktu terjadinya *bullying*, dan reaksi orang tua, teman, dan guru.

Penelitian ini menggunakan metode penelitian kualitatif studi kasus, dengan data yang diperoleh melalui wawancara mendalam.

Dari hasil penelitian ini didapatkan hasil bahwa korban *bullying* mempersepsikan *bullying* sebagai suatu hal yang menyakitkan menimbulkan perasaan tertekan dan kesepian, dan mengganggu dalam proses belajar di sekolah. Para korban dalam penelitian ini mengambil langkah yang berbeda untuk menghentikan *bullying* yang terjadi. Subjek 1 dengan cara menarik diri dari siswa-siswa lain, subjek 2 dengan cara menuruti kemauan pelaku, dan subjek 3 dengan cara keluar dari sekolah. Selain itu diketahui bahwa para korban mengharapkan dukungan dari guru-guru agar membantu menyelesaikan masalah *bullying* yang dialami oleh siswa

Kata kunci: Persepsi, Bullying, Korban Bullying

ABSTRACT

Fransisca Ratih Ariani (2008). Case Study: The Victim's Perception of Bullying Phenomenon in School. Yogyakarta: Faculty of Psychology, Sanata Dharma University.

This research aimed at describing the victims' perception of Bullying phenomenon in School. The description of the victims' perception of bullying phenomenon refers to the victims' point of view toward violence and bullying, the manifestation of the bullying they experienced, the cause of the bullying, the duration of the bullying, and the respond from their parents, friends, and teachers.

This research was a qualitative case study. Data for the study were obtained through in depth interviews with the respondents. There were three respondents in this study.

The result showed that the victims of the bullying perceived that bullying was a painful experience which resulted in depressed and loneliness and disturbed their learning process at school. The victims of the bullying in this study took different ways to cope with this problem. Subject 1 tried to withdraw from other students, subject 2 just accepted the bullying happened to her and just follow what she was told to do, and subject 3 moved from the school where he got this bullying experiences. In the meantime, it was revealed that the victims hoped to get the teachers supports to solve their bullying problem.

Keywords: Perception, Bullying, Bullying Victim