

ABSTRAK

**KECENDERUNGAN POLA ASUH ORANG TUA
PADA REMAJA DUGEM DAN IMPLIKASINYA
PADA USULAN TOPIK-TOPIK PROGRAM *PARENTING***
(Studi Deskriptif Kuantitatif Persepsi Kecenderungan Pola Asuh
Pada Remaja Dugem di beberapa SMA Kota Yogyakarta)

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Penelitian ini bertujuan: (1) Mengetahui pola asuh yang menjadi kecenderungan pada remaja dugem di beberapa SMA di Kota Yogyakarta tahun 2018; (2) Membuat usulan topik-topik program *parenting* untuk orangtua dalam mencegah perilaku pada remaja dugem di beberapa SMA Kota Yogyakarta tahun 2018 berdasarkan pola asuh orang tua yang mendominasi. Subjek penelitian berjumlah 64 siswa di beberapa SMA Kota Yogyakarta.

Jenis penelitian ini adalah deskriptif kuantitatif. Pengumpulan data pada penelitian ini menggunakan Kuisioner Pola Asuh Orangtua. Kuisioner yang disusun terdiri dari 75 item dengan 56 item valid. Nilai koefisien reliabilitas instrumen 0,766. Teknik analisis data yang digunakan pada penelitian data ini adalah analisis deskriptif yang mengacu pada norma kategorisasi Azwar dengan jenjang sangat tinggi, tinggi, sedang, rendah, dan sangat rendah.

Hasil penelitian yang diperoleh yaitu: (1) Pola asuh otoriter menjadi kecenderungan pola asuh paling banyak yang diterima oleh remaja *dugem* sebanyak 86%, pola asuh ke dua yaitu *Permissive-Indulgent* sebanyak 75%, pola asuh ke tiga yaitu pola asuh *Permissive-Indifferent* sebanyak 75%, dan pola asuh ke empat yaitu demokratis pola asuh terendah yang diterima remaja *dugem* sebanyak 50%; (2) Berdasarkan pola asuh yang dominan, usulan topik-topik program layanan Bimbingan dan Konseling yang dapat dikembangkan oleh guru Bimbingan dan Konseling guna memberikan pelayanan informasi untuk orangtua yaitu dengan tema Menjadi Orang Tua Zaman *Now* dan Apakah Saya Sudah Menyayangi Anak Saya?.

Kata Kunci : Pola Asuh Orangtua, Remaja *Dugem*

ABSTRACT

PARENTING PATTERN TENDENCY ON TEENAGERS WHO HANG OUT IN NIGHTCLUBS AND ITS IMPLICATION ON PARENTING PROGRAM TOPIC SUGGESTIONS

(Descriptive-Quantitative Study on Perception about Parenting Pattern on Teenagers Who Hang Out in Nightclubs in Several Senior High Schools of Yogyakarta City)

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This study aims: (1) To know the parenting pattern that becomes a tendency in teenagers who hang out in nightclubs in several senior high schools of Yogyakarta City in 2018; (2) To make suggestions on parenting program topics for parents in preventing behavior teenagers who hang out in nightclubs in several senior high schools of Yogyakarta City in 2018 based on the dominant parenting pattern. Subjects of this research are 64 students in several high schools in Yogyakarta.

This type of research is descriptive-quantitative. Data collection in this study uses Parenting Pattern Questionnaire. The questionnaire consists of 75 items with 56 valid items. The instrument reliability coefficient value is 0.766. The data analysis technique used in this research is descriptive analysis which refers to Azwar categorization norm with very high, high, medium, low, and very low level.

The result of this research are: (1) Authoritarian parenting pattern becomes the most tendency of parenting pattern received by teenagers who hang out in nightclubs, as much as 86%; the second parenting pattern is Permissive-Indulgent, which is as much as 75%; the third parenting pattern is Permissive-Indifferent, which is as much as 75%; and the fourth parenting pattern is democratic pattern, which is the lowest pattern received by teenagers who hang out in nightclubs, which is as much as 50%; (2) Based on the dominant parenting pattern, the proposed topics of Guidance and Counseling service program that can be developed by teacher of Guidance and Counseling to provide information service for parents is the theme of Being Parent of Today's Age and Have I Already Loved My Children?

Keywords: Parenting Patterns, Teenagers Who Hang Out in Nightclubs