

ABSTRAK

PENGARUH PENERAPAN MODEL PEMBELAJARAN KOOPERATIF TIPE STUDENT TEAM ACHIEVEMENT DIVISION (STAD) TERHADAP KEMAMPUAN MENGEVALUASI DAN MENARIK KESIMPULAN SISWA KELAS V SD

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Latar belakang penelitian ini adalah keprihatinan terhadap rendahnya tingkat literasi IPA siswa Indonesia pada penelitian PISA tahun 2012 dan 2015. Tujuan penelitian ini adalah untuk mengetahui pengaruh penerapan model pembelajaran kooperatif tipe STAD terhadap kemampuan mengevaluasi dan menarik kesimpulan pada materi sistem pernapasan hewan kelas V di salah satu SD swasta di Yogyakarta.

Jenis penelitian ini adalah *quasi experimental* tipe *pretest posttest nonequivalent group design*. Populasi penelitian ini adalah seluruh siswa kelas V di salah satu SD swasta di Yogyakarta sebanyak 46 siswa. Sampel penelitian ini terdiri dari 22 siswa kelas VB sebagai kelompok kontrol dan 24 siswa kelas VA sebagai kelompok eksperimen. *Treatment* yang diterapkan di kelompok eksperimen adalah model pembelajaran kooperatif tipe STAD. Ada enam langkah dalam model pembelajaran kooperatif tipe STAD, yaitu penyampaian tujuan dan motivasi, pembagian kelompok, presentasi dari guru, kegiatan belajar dalam tim, kuis, dan penghargaan prestasi tim .

Hasil penelitian menunjukkan bahwa 1) model pembelajaran kooperatif tipe STAD berpengaruh terhadap kemampuan mengevaluasi. Rerata selisih skor *pretest - posttest I* kelompok eksperimen ($M = 0,58; SE = 0,09$) lebih tinggi daripada kelompok kontrol ($M = -0,01; SE = 0,13$). Perbedaan tersebut signifikan dengan harga $t(44) = -3,62; p = 0,01$ ($p < 0,05$). Besar pengaruh $r = 0,47$ setara dengan 22% yang masuk kategori efek menengah; 2) model pembelajaran kooperatif tipe STAD berpengaruh terhadap kemampuan menarik kesimpulan. Rerata selisih skor *pretest - posttest I* kelompok eksperimen ($M = 0,31; SE = 0,08$) lebih tinggi daripada kelompok kontrol ($M = 0,00; SE = 0,08$). Perbedaan tersebut signifikan dengan harga $t(44) = -2,67, p = 0,01$ ($p < 0,05$). Besar pengaruh $r = 0,37$ setara dengan 13,69% yang masuk kategori efek menengah

Kata kunci: Model pembelajaran kooperatif tipe STAD, kemampuan mengevaluasi, kemampuan menarik kesimpulan, kemampuan berpikir kritis.

ABSTRACT

THE EFFECT OF THE IMPLEMENTATION OF COOPERATIVE LEARNING MODEL WITH STUDENT TEAM ACHIEVEMENT DIVISION (STAD) TYPE ON THE ABILITY TO EVALUATE AND CONCLUDE FOR THE FIFTH GRADE STUDENTS

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The background of this research is related to the low science concern of the Indonesian students, which have done by PISA in 2012 and 2015. The purpose of the research to discover the effect of cooperative learning model with Student Team Achievement Division (STAD) type towards the ability to evaluating and concluding in animal respiratory system material of fifth grade on one of elementary school at Yogyakarta.

This research used quasi experimental research with pretest and posttest nonequivalent group design type. The population that is used in this research is all of the fifth grade on one of elementary shool at Yogyakarta, which is 46 students. The sample of this research consists of two groups from VB, which is 22 students as the control group and VA, which is 24 students as the experiment group the treatment that is applied to the experiment group is cooperative learning with STAD type which has six steps, deliver the goals and motivation, form team for study and practice, present the concept, learning team, individual quizzes, recognize winning team.

The result of this tudy shows that 1) cooperative learning model with STAD type affects on the ability to evaluating. The average o differences score of experimentl group ($M = 0,58$; $SE = 0,09$) is higher than the average of differences score of control group ($M = -0,01$; $SE = 0,13$). Those differences is significant $t(44) = -3,62$; $p = 0,01$ ($p < 0,05$). The effect size $r = 0,47$ is equal to 22% in the category of medium effect 2) cooperative learning model with STAD type affects on the ability to concluding. The average o differences score of experiment group ($M = 0,31$; $SE = 0,08$) is higher than the average of differences score of control group ($M = 0,00$; $SE = 0,08$). Those differences is significant $t(44) = -2,67$; $p = 0,01$ ($p < 0,05$). The effect size $r = 0,37$ is equal to 13,69% in the category of medium effect

Keywords: Cooperative learning model with Student Team Achievement Division type, ability to evaluate, ability to conclude, critical thinking skills.