

ABSTRAK

Levi Lawrence. 2020. Profil Pemecahan Masalah Non Rutin Barisan Bilangan Berdasarkan Gaya Berpikir (Studi Kasus: Empat Mahasiswa Pendidikan Matematika Universitas Sanata Dharma Angkatan 2017). Skripsi. Program Studi Pendidikan Matematika, Jurusan Pendidikan Matematikan dan IPA, Fakultas Keguruan dan Ilmu Pendidikan, Universitas Sanata Dharma Yogyakarta.

Penelitian ini bertujuan untuk mendeskripsikan dan menganalisis profil pemecahan masalah non rutin barisan bilangan berdasarkan gaya berpikir. Penelitian ini merupakan penelitian kualitatif. Subjek penelitian adalah empat mahasiswa Pendidikan Matematika 2017 Universitas Sanata Dharma dengan gaya berpikir Sekuensial Konkret (SK), Sekuensial Abstrak (SA), Random Abstak (RA), dan Random Konkret (RK). Pengumpulan data dilakukan dengan angket, tes dan wawancara. Teknik analisis data meliputi reduksi data, kategorisasi, sintesisasi, dan menyusun hipotesis kerja.

Hasil penelitian menunjukkan bahwa (1) Mahasiswa SK mampu memahami permasalahan C4 dan C5 tetapi memahami informasi permasalahan C6 secara terlalu apa adanya, membuat rencana penyelesaian secara bertahap, menyelesaikan masalah secara bertahap menggunakan informasi-informasi yang diterima melalui alat indra secara langsung tanpa menganalisis makna implisit, serta tidak memeriksa kembali jawaban (2) Mahasiswa SA mampu memahami permasalahan C5 dan C6 tetapi kurang teliti memahami permasalahan C4, membuat rencana penyelesaian secara bertahap, menyelesaikan masalah secara bertahap dengan membuat ide/dugaan berdasarkan analisis fakta-fakta, serta memeriksa kembali argumen yang digunakan. (3) Mahasiswa RA mampu memahami permasalahan C5, kurang teliti memahami permasalahan C4, belum mampu memahami permasalahan C6, membuat rencana penyelesaian secara tidak bertahap, tidak mampu membuat rencana penyelesaian masalah C6, menyelesaikan masalah dengan membuat ide/dugaan berdasarkan analisis fakta-fakta, menyelesaikan permasalahan C4 secara tidak bertahap, mengikuti dorongan hati dalam menyelesaikan permasalahan C5, tidak mampu menyelesaikan permasalahan C5 dan C6, serta memeriksa kembali solusi yang diperoleh. (4) Mahasiswa RK mampu memahami permasalahan C4 dan C6, belum mampu memahami permasalahan C5, membuat rencana penyelesaian permasalahan C4 dan C6 secara bertahap, mengikuti dorongan hati dalam membuat rencana penyelesaian permasalahan C6, membuat rencana penyelesaian permasalahan C5 secara tidak bertahap, menyelesaikan permasalahan C4 secara bertahap, menyelesaikan permasalahan C5 dan C6 secara tidak bertahap, menyelesaikan masalah menggunakan informasi-informasi yang diterima melalui alat indra secara langsung tanpa menganalisis makna implisit, mengikuti dorongan hati dalam menyelesaikan permasalahan C5, tidak mampu menyelesaikan permasalahan C6, memeriksa kembali solusi permasalahan C4 dengan menurunkannya menggunakan cara lain, serta tidak memeriksa jawaban permasalahan C5.

Kata Kunci: Pemecahan masalah, Barisan Bilangan, Gaya berpikir

ABSTRACT

Levi Lawrence. 2020. Profile of Non Routine Problem Solving of Number Sequence based on Mind Style (Case Study: Four Students of Mathematics Education at Sanata Dharma University batch 2017). Undergraduate Thesis. Mathematics Education Study Program, Faculty of Teacher Training and Education, Sanata Dharma University, Yogyakarta.

This study aims to describe and analyze the profile of non routine problem solving of number sequence based on mind style. This research is a qualitative research. The subjects were four mathematics education students batch 2017 at Sanata Dharma University who had Concrete Sequential (CS), Abstract Sequential (AS), Abstract Random (AR), and Concrete Random (CR) mind styles. Data collection is done by questionnaires, tests and interviews. Data analysis techniques include data reduction, categorization, synthesis, and working hypothesis.

The results showed that (1) CS student are able to understand C4 and C5 problems but understanding information of the C6 problem too as they are, make plans to solve the problems gradually, solving problems step by step using informations received through the senses directly without analyzing the implicit meaning and interpreted as they are, and not rechecking the answers. (2) AS student is able to understand C5 and C6 problems but do not thoroughly understand C4 problem, make plans to solve problems gradually, solve problems step by step by making ideas/supposes based on facts analysis, and looking back the answers by checking arguments used. (3) AR students are able to understand the C5 problem, do not thoroughly understand C4 problems, unable to understand C4 and C6 problems, make plans to solve C4 and C5 problems in stages, unable to make solving plans for C6 problem, solving C4 problem incrementally, follow the impulse to solve C5 problem, solving problems by making ideas/conjectures based on analysis of facts, unable to solve C5 and C6 problems, and rechecking the solution obtained. (4) CR students are able to understand C4 and C6 problems but have not been able to understand C5 problem, make plans to solve C4 and C6 problems gradually, follow the impulse in making plans to solve C6 problem, make plans for solving C5 problem are not gradual, solving C4 problem gradually, solving C5 and C6 problems not in stages, solve problems using information received through the senses directly without analyzing the implicit meaning and interpret them as they are, follow impulses to solve C5 problem, unable to solve C6 problems, rechecking the solution of C4 problem by deriving them in other ways and not rechecking the C5 problem answers, not rechecking the C5 problem answers.

Keyword: *Problem Solving, Number sequence, Mind Styles*