

ABSTRAK

Judul skripsi ini adalah “**PENGARUH PERAYAAN EKARISTI DARING TERHADAP KETERLIBATAN UMAT PAROKI SANTO ANTONIUS PADUA KOTABARU, YOGYAKARTA DALAM TUGAS PELAYANAN (*DIAKONIA*)**”. Judul skripsi ini bertolak dari kegelisahan penulis terhadap pandemi Covid-19 yang telah memengaruhi semua aspek kehidupan dalam kegiatan menggereja, termasuk perayaan Ekaristi. Skripsi ini bertujuan untuk mengetahui pemahaman umat Paroki Santo Antonius Padua Kotabaru, Yogyakarta terhadap perayaan Ekaristi daring dan bagaimana keterlibatan mereka dalam tugas pelayanan (*diakonia*) serta pengaruh antara perayaan Ekaristi daring terhadap Keterlibatan Umat dalam tugas pelayanan (*diakonia*). Dapat disampaikan hipotesis sebagai berikut: H₀ Tidak ada pengaruh perayaan Ekaristi daring terhadap keterlibatan umat Paroki Santo Antonius Padua Kotabaru, Yogyakarta dalam tugas pelayanan (*diakonia*). H₁ Ada pengaruh perayaan Ekaristi daring terhadap keterlibatan umat Paroki Santo Antonius Padua Kotabaru, Yogyakarta dalam tugas pelayanan (*diakonia*). Penelitian ini menggunakan jenis penelitian kuantitatif yang divalidasi dengan wawancara. Peneliti menggunakan desain penelitian *ex post facto*. Populasi penelitian ini adalah umat Paroki Santo Antonius Padua Kotabaru, Yogyakarta dengan jumlah sampel yang digunakan sebanyak 120 responden. Teknik sampling yang digunakan adalah *simple random sampling*. Hasil uji validitas instrumen pada tingkat signifikansi 0,05 terdapat 30 instrumen yang valid. Hasil uji reliabilitas instrumen diperoleh koefisien *alpha* sebesar 0,888 yang masuk dalam kriteria reliabilitas tinggi. Dari hasil keseluruhan menunjukkan data *mean* sebesar 123,03 yang masuk dalam kriteria baik. Berdasarkan hasil uji hipotesis, diperoleh nilai signifikansi sebesar $0,000 < 0,05$ yang berarti H₁ diterima dan H₀ ditolak. Hasil menunjukkan bahwa terdapat pengaruh signifikan perayaan Ekaristi daring terhadap keterlibatan umat Paroki Santo Antonius Padua Kotabaru, Yogyakarta dalam tugas pelayanan (*diakonia*). Dari hasil uji regresi diketahui bahwa perayaan Ekaristi daring berpengaruh terhadap keterlibatan umat Paroki Santo Antonius Padua Kotabaru, Yogyakarta dalam tugas pelayanan (*diakonia*) dengan nilai koefisien determinasi sebesar 0,171 atau 17,1%.

Kata-kata kunci: Perayaan Ekaristi Daring, Keterlibatan, Tugas Pelayanan (*Diakonia*), Umat Paroki Santo Antonius Padua Kotabaru, Yogyakarta

ABSTRACT

This undergraduate thesis entitles "THE INFLUENCE OF THE ONLINE EUCHARIST CELEBRATION ON THE INVOLVEMENT OF THE FAITHFUL OF SAINT ANTONIUS PADUA PARISH OF KOTABARU YOGYAKARTA IN SERVICE MINISTRY (DIAKONIA)". The title of this undergraduate thesis was chosen from the author's concern about the Covid-19 pandemic that has affected all aspects of life including the activities of the eucharist. This undergraduate thesis aims to know the understanding of the faithful of the parish of Saint Antonius Padua Kotabaru to the celebration of the online Eucharist and how their involvement in service ministry (diakonia) and how the influence of the online Eucharist celebration on the involvement of the faithful in service ministry (diakonia). Thus, the hypothesis can be conveyed as follows: H0 There is no influence of online Eucharistic celebrations on the involvement of the faithful of parish of Saint Antonius Padua Kotabaru in service ministry (diakonia). H1 There is an influence of the celebration of the online Eucharist on the involvement of the faithful of parish of Saint Antonius Padua Kotabaru in service ministry (diakonia). This study uses a type of quantitative research validated by interviews. Researcher used ex post facto research design. The population of this study was the faithful of parish of Saint Antonius Padua Kotabaru with the number of samples used as many as 120 respondents. Sampling technique used was simple random sampling. The test result of instrument validity at the significance level of 0.05 there were 30 valid instruments. The instrument reliability test result obtained alpha coefficient of 0.888 which was included in high reliability criteria. The overall result showed a mean of 123.03 data that included within the good criteria. Based on the results of the hypothesis test, a significance value of $0.000 < 0.05$ was obtained which means H1 was accepted and H0 was rejected. The results showed that there was a significant influence of the online Eucharistic celebrations on the involvement of the faithful of parish of Saint Antonius Padua Kotabaru in the service ministry (diakonia). From the results of the regression test it was known that the celebration of the Eucharist online influenced the involvement of parish of Saint Antonius Padua Kotabaru in service ministry (diakonia) with a coefficient of determination of 0.171 or 17.1%.

Keywords: *Online Eucharistic Celebration, Involvement, Service Ministry (Diakonia), The faithful of Parish of Saint Antonius Padua Kotabaru*