

ABSTRAK

Dalimunthe, Gilang Yudhistyra. 2021. “Jenis Kalimat Berdasarkan Kelengkapan Unsur Dalam Wacana Ulasan Di Kolom Komentar Toko Daring Geesoris Di Tokopedia Tahun 2020”. Skripsi Strata Satu (S1). Program Studi Sastra Indonesia, Fakultas Sastra, Universitas Sanata Dharma.

Skripsi ini membahas jenis kalimat berdasarkan kelengkapan unsur dalam wacana ulasan di kolom komentar toko daring Geesoris di Tokopedia tahun 2020. Terdapat dua masalah yang dikupas dalam penelitian ini, yakni (i) jenis kalimat berdasarkan kelengkapan unsur, dan (ii) maksud dari kalimat tersebut. Tujuan penelitian ini adalah mendeskripsikan jenis-jenis kalimat berdasarkan kelengkapan unsur dan mengetahui maksud dari kalimat-kalimat tersebut.

Metode yang digunakan dalam penelitian ini adalah metode pengumpulan data, metode analisis data, dan metode penyajian hasil analisis data. Metode pengumpulan data pada penelitian ini menggunakan metode simak dan catat. Metode analisis data pada penelitian ini menggunakan metode agih dengan teknik bagi unsur langsung dan metode padan pragmatis. Metode penyajian hasil analisis data disajikan dengan dua teknik, yakni metode formal dan informal.

Hasil penelitian ini berupa jenis kalimat berdasarkan kelengkapan unsur dan maksud kalimat tersebut. Jenis-jenis kalimat yang dideskripsikan terdiri dari lima, yaitu (i) kalimat tunggal lengkap, (ii) kalimat tunggal tidak lengkap, (iii) kalimat majemuk lengkap, (iv) kalimat majemuk tidak lengkap, dan (v) kalimat tidak berklausa (hanya terdiri atas interjeksi atau kategori fatis). Selain itu, maksud kalimat yang dideskripsikan terdiri atas maksud tunggal dan maksud ganda. Maksud tunggal terdiri atas 11, yakni maksud (i) memuji, (ii) menyampaikan keadaan, (iii) menyampaikan konfirmasi, (iv) menyampaikan informasi, (v) menyampaikan

kepuasan, (vi) menyampaikan kekecewaan, (vii) berterima kasih, (viii) meyakinkan, (ix) memaki, (x) berharap, dan (xi) menyarankan. Maksud ganda terdiri atas 7, yakni maksud (i) menyampaikan konfirmasi dan berterima kasih, (ii) memuji dan menyampaikan kekecewaan, (iii) memuji dan menyampaikan konfirmasi, (iv) memuji dan berterima kasih, (v) menyampaikan keadaan dan berharap, (vi) menyampaikan keadaan dan meminta tolong, dan (vii) menyampaikan kepuasan dan berterima kasih.

Kata Kunci: Jenis Kalimat Berdasarkan Kelengkapan Unsur, Maksud Kalimat, Fungsi Sintaksis, Kalimat Ulasan, Sintaksis, Pragmatik.



ABSTRACT

Dalimunthe, Gilang Yudhistyra. 2021. "Types of Sentences Based on Completeness of Elements in Discourse Reviews in the Comments Column of Geesoris Online Stores at Tokopedia in 2020". Undergraduate Thesis (S1). Indonesian Literature Study Program, Faculty of Letters, Sanata Dharma University.

This thesis discusses the types of sentences based on completeness elements in the reviews in the comments column of the Geesoris store at Tokopedia in 2020. There are two problems that are discussed in this study, (i) the types of sentences based on the completeness of elements, and (ii) the meaning of the sentence. The goals of this thesis are to describe the types of sentences based on the completeness of the elements, and to find out the meaning of these sentences.

The methods used in this research are data collection methods, data analysis methods, and methods of presenting the results. The method of data collection in this study used the method of observing and taking notes. The method of data analysis in this study uses method the divide direct element and the pragmatic equivalent method. the method of presenting the results used two techniques, formal and informal methods.

The results of this study are in the types of sentences based on the completeness of the elements and the meaning of the sentence. The types of sentences have 5 categories, (i) complete single sentences, (ii) incomplete single sentences, (iii) complete complex sentences, (iv) incomplete complex sentences, and (v) non-clause sentences (only interjections or phatic categories). The meaning of the sentence

consists of single meaning and dual meaning. The single meaning consists of 11, (i) praising, (ii) conveying the situation, (iii) conveying confirmation, (iv) conveying information, (v) conveying satisfaction, (vi) conveying disappointment, (vii) thankful, (viii) convincing, (ix) curse, (x) hoping, and (xi) suggest. The dual meaning consists of 7, (i) conveying confirmation and thanking, (ii) praising and conveying disappointing, (iii) praising and confirming, (iv) praising and thanking, (v) conveying condition and hoping, (vi) conveying the condition and ask for help, and (vii) satisfaction and thanking.

Keyword: Types of Sentences Based on Completeness of Elements, Sentence Meaning, Syntactic Functions, Sentence Reviews, Syntax, Pragmatics.

