ABSTRAK

Saputri, Nikita Frisilia. 2022. **Tindak Tutur Ilokusi dalam Ujaran Kebencian Warganet Menanggapi Unggahan di *Twitter* Periode Febuari-April 2022: Kajian *Cyberpragmatics***. Skripsi S1. Yogyakarta: Pendidikan Bahasa dan Sastra Indonesia, Jurusan Bahasa dan Seni, Fakultas Keguruan dan Ilmu Pendidikan. Universitas Sanata Dharma Yogyakarta.

Penelitian ini memiliki dua tujuan, yaitu: (1) mendeskripsikan bentuk-bentuk tindak tutur ilokusi dalam ujaran kebencian warganet menanggapi unggahan di *twitter* periode Febuari-April 2022 dan (2) mendeskripsikan makna pragmatik dari tindak tutur ilokusi dalam ujaran kebencian warganet menanggapi unggahan di *twitter* periode Febuari-April 2022. Jenis penelitian ini merupakan penelitian deskriptif kualitatif. Sumber data yang digunakan dalam penelitian ini adalah *twitter* dan data penelitian ini berupa komentar warganet yang berupa kalimat ujaran kebencian yang di dalamnya memuat tindak tutur ilokusi. Peneliti menggunakan teknik catat dan teknik bebas libat cakap untuk mengumpulkan data berupa komentar ujaran kebencian yang di dalamnya memuat tindak tutur ilokusi dan mencatat serta mengambil tangkapan layar. Kemudian peneliti menganalisis data berdasarkan bentuk dan makna.

Berdasarkan penelitian yang dilakukan, peneliti menemukan data berupa bentuk tindak tutur ilokusi dalam ujaran kebencian dan makna pragmatik tindak tutur ilokusi dalam ujaran kebencian. Dalam penelitian ini peneliti menemukan empat bentuk tindak tutur ilokusi. Bentuk-bentuk tindak tutur ilokusi meliputi: asertif, direktif, ekspresif, dan komisif. Selain itu, peneliti juga menemukan makna pragmatik tindak tutur ilokusi dalam ujaran kebencian. Makna tindak tutur ilokusi dalam ujaran kebencian yna ditemukan yaitu, makna penghinaan, makna pencemaran nama baik, makna penistaan, makna memprovokasi, makna mengkritik, makna meremehkan, makna menyindir, dan makna mencaci maki.

Kata Kunci: pragmatik siber, konteks virtual, tindak tutur ilokusi, bentuk tindak tutur ilokusi dalam ujaran kebencian, makna tindak tutur ilokusi dalam ujaran kebencian, *twitter*.

ABSTRACT

Saputri, Nikita Frisilia. 2022. **Acts of Illocutionary Speech in Hate Speech Warganet Responding to Posts on Twitter for the Period of FebruaryApril 2022: Cyberpragmatics**. *S1 Thesis. Yogyakarta: Indonesian Language and Literature Education, Department of Language and Arts, Faculty of Teacher Training and Education. Sanata Dharma University Yogyakarta.*

This study has two objectives, namely: (1) describing the forms of illocutionary speech acts in the hate speech of netizens responding to uploads on twitter for the period February-April 2022 and (2) describing the pragmatic meaning of illocutionary speech acts in hate speech. Warganet responds to uploads on twitter. period February-April 2022. This type of research is a qualitative descriptive study. The source of the data used in this research is twitter and the data of this research is in the form of citizen comments in the form of hate speech sentences which contain illocutionary speech acts. The researcher used note-taking techniques and free-engagement techniques to collect data in the form of hate speech comments which included illocutionary speech acts and took notes and took screenshots. Then the researcher analyzed the data based on the form and meaning.

Based on the research conducted, the researcher found data in the form of illocutionary speech acts in hate speech and the pragmatic meaning of illocutionary speech acts in hate speech. In this study, the researcher found four forms of illocutionary speech acts. The forms of illocutionary speech acts include: assertive, directive, expressive, and commissive. In addition, the researcher also found the pragmatic meaning of illocutionary speech acts in hate speech. The meanings of illocutionary speech acts in hate speech were found, namely, the meaning of humiliation, the meaning of defamation, the meaning of blasphemy, the meaning of provoking, the meaning of criticizing, the meaning of belittling, the meaning of satire, and the meaning of berating.

Keywords: *cyberpragmatics, virtual context, illocutionary speech acts, forms of illocutionary speech acts in hate speech, meaning of illocutionary speech acts in hate speech, twitter.*