

ABSTRAK

ANALISIS KUALITAS SOAL SISWA KELAS V SEKOLAH DASAR BERDASARKAN KEMAMPUAN NUMERASI SOAL ASESMEN KOMPETENSI MINIMUM (AKM)

Agnes Theresia

Universitas Sanata Dharma

2024

Penelitian dilakukan untuk menganalisis kualitas dari setiap butir soal dengan menggunakan kemampuan numerasi dari soal asesmen kompetensi minimum (AKM) untuk siswa kelas V SD. Tujuan penelitian ini untuk membuktikan bahwa soal asesmen kompetensi minimum (AKM) berkualitas, serta menganalisis pengaruh soal asesmen kompetensi minimum (AKM) terhadap peningkatan kemampuan numerasi siswa kelas V SD. Metode dalam penelitian ini adalah kualitatif deskriptif. Penelitian ini menggunakan 4 validator dan 15 siswa kelas V SD sebagai subjek uji coba soal numerasi asesmen kompetensi minimum (AKM). Objek penelitian ini berupa lembar soal berjumlah 30 butir soal. Sedangkan pada kuesioner, peneliti hanya mengambil 5 siswa untuk mengisi beberapa pernyataan pada kuesioner.

Data dianalisis dengan menggunakan SPSS untuk mengetahui nilai validitas, reliabilitas, daya pembeda dan tingkat kesukaran. Dan menggunakan teknik analisis data berupa triangulasi dengan mengambil data dari 3 siswa yang mendapat nilai tinggi, sedang, dan rendah.

Berdasarkan analisis uji validitas, butir soal yang valid berjumlah 30, dengan reliabilitas sebesar 0.879 (reliabel), lalu analisis daya pembeda, terdapat 9 soal dengan kategori “baik sekali” dan 21 soal kategori “baik”, dan analisis tingkat kesukaran pada setiap butir menyatakan ada 8 soal kategori “sulit”, kemudian 19 soal kategori “sedang” dan 11 soal kategori “mudah”. Maka dapat disimpulkan bahwa butir soal yang peneliti kembangkan ini berkualitas dan layak digunakan.

Kata Kunci: kualitas soal, numerasi, asesmen kompetensi minimum (AKM).

ABSTRACT

ANALYSIS OF THE QUALITY OF QUESTIONS FOR CLASS V PRIMARY SCHOOL STUDENTS BASED ON NUMERATION ABILITY ON MINIMUM COMPETENCY ASSESSMENT QUESTIONS (AKM)

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2024

The research was conducted to analyze the quality of each question item using numeracy skills from the minimum competency assessment questions (AKM) for fifth grade elementary school students. The aim of this research is to prove that the minimum competency assessment questions (AKM) are quality, as well as to analyze the influence of the minimum competency assessment questions (AKM) on improving the numeracy skills of fifth grade elementary school students. The method in this research is descriptive qualitative. This research used 4 validators and 15 fifth grade elementary school students as test subjects for minimum competency assessment numeracy (AKM) questions. The object of this research is a question sheet with 30 questions. Meanwhile, in the questionnaire, the researcher only took 5 students to fill in several statements on the questionnaire.

Data were analyzed using SPSS to determine the value of validity, reliability, distinguishing power and level of difficulty. And using data analysis techniques in the form of triangulation by taking data from 3 students who got high, medium and low scores.

Based on the validity test analysis, there are 30 valid questions, with a reliability of 0.879 (reliable), then the discriminating power analysis shows that there are 9 questions in the "very good" category and 21 questions in the "good" category, and the analysis of the level of difficulty for each item states There are 8 questions in the "difficult" category, then 19 questions in the "medium" category and 11 questions in the "easy" category. So it can be concluded that the questions that the researchers developed are of good quality and suitable for use.

Keywords: question quality, numeracy, minimum competency assessment (AKM).