

ABSTRAK

Armansyah, Aliya Miranti. 2026. **Pelanggaran Prinsip Keefektifan Kalimat dalam Latar Belakang Skripsi Mahasiswa Pendidikan Bahasa Dan Sastra Indonesia Universitas Sanata Dharma**. Skripsi. Yogyakarta. Program Studi Pendidikan Bahasa dan Sastra Indonesia, Jurusan Bahasa dan Seni, Fakultas Keguruan dan Ilmu Pendidikan, Universitas Sanata Dharma.

Penelitian ini meneliti kesalahan kalimat yang tidak efektif dalam latar belakang skripsi mahasiswa Program Studi Pendidikan Bahasa dan Sastra Indonesia Angkatan 2021 yang lulus 2025. Tujuan penelitian ini adalah mendeskripsikan bentuk-bentuk pelanggaran prinsip keefektifan kalimat bagian latar belakang dalam skripsi mahasiswa Pendidikan Bahasa dan Sastra Indonesia Universitas Sanata Dharma 2025 dan mendeskripsikan pembetulan kesalahan kebahasaan akibat pelanggaran prinsip-prinsip keefektifan kalimat.

Penelitian kualitatif ini menggunakan metode deskriptif. Data penelitian yang dihasilkan berupa kalimat tidak efektif menurut prinsip keefektifan kalimat. Pengumpulan data menggunakan teknik baca catat. Peneliti berperan sebagai instrumen utama atau disebut *human instrument*. Penelitian ini memuat tiga komponen pertama reduksi data, kedua penyajian data, dan ketiga penarikan kesimpulan.

Penelitian ini menemukan banyak kalimat yang melanggar prinsip keefektifan kalimat. Rincian banyaknya kesalahan yang ditemukan, yaitu ketidaksepadanan struktur, ketidakparalelan bentuk, ketidaktegasan makna dan ketidakhematan. Ketidaksepadanan struktur dapat dibetulkan dengan cara menghilangkan preposisi di depan subjek, menghilangkan konjungsi, menghilangkan kata 'yang' 'di mana' dan 'yang mana', membuat kalimat baru, menambahkan subjek. Pembetulan untuk ketidakparalelan bentuk dapat dilakukan dengan merubah verba menjadi nomina, merubah bentuk verba menjadi adjektiva, merubah nomina menjadi adjektiva. Ketidaktegasan makna dapat dibetulkan dengan cara memindah gagasan pokok, memecah satu kalimat menjadi dua kalimat yang berbeda. Kalimat yang tidak hemat dapat dibetulkan dengan cara menghilangkan kata hubung 'bahwa', memangkas kata yang tidak diperlukan, menghilangkan penulisan 'hari', 'tanggal', 'bulan' dan 'tahun', menghilangkan salah satu kata yang bersinonim, dan menghilangkan salah satu penyebutan subjek.

Kata kunci: sintaksis, keefektifan kalimat, latar belakang skripsi

ABSTRACT

*Armansyah, Aliya Miranti. 2026. **Violations of the Principle of Sentence Effectiveness in the Background Sections of Theses by Studenst in the Indonesian Language and Literature Education Program at Sanata Dharma University.** Thesis. Yogyakarta. Indonesian Language and Literature Education Study Program, Department of Language and Arts, Faculty of Teachers Training and Education, Sanata Dharma University.*

This study examines ineffective sentence errors in the background sections of theses written by students in the Indonesian Language and Literature Education Program, Class of 2021, who are scheduled to graduate in 2025. The objectives of this study are to describe the forms of violations of the principles of sentence effectiveness in the background sections of theses written by students in the Indonesian Language and Literature Education Program at Sanata Dharma University in 2025 and to describe the correction of linguistic errors resulting from violations of the principles of sentence effectiveness.

This qualitative study employs a descriptive method. The research data consists of sentences deemed ineffective according to the principles of sentence effectiveness. Data collection utilized the read-and-record technique. The researcher served as the primary instrument, or what is known as a human instrument. This study comprises three components: frist data reduction, second data presentation, and third drawing conclusions.

This study identified many sentences that violated the principle of sentence effectiveness. The breakdown of the errors found is as follows: structural mismatch, lack of parallelism, ambiguity of meaning, and wordiness. Structural mismatch can be corrected by removing the preposition before the subject, removing the conjunction, removing the words 'which,' 'where,' and 'which,' creating a new sentence, and adding a subject. Corrections for structural asymmetry can be made by changing verbs into nouns, changing verb forms into adjectives, changing nouns into adjectives. Ambiguity of meaning can be corrected by moving the main idea, splitting one sentence into two separate sentences. Wordy sentences can be corrected by removing the conjunction "that," cutting out unnecessary words, omitting the words "day," "date," "month," and "year," removing one of the synonymous words, removing one of the subject references.

Keyword: syntax, sentence effectiveness, thesis background