

ABSTRAK**HUBUNGAN ANTARA TINGKAT PENDIDIKAN ORANG TUA,
PENDAPATAN ORANG TUA, LINGKUNGAN SOSIAL, DAN PRESTASI
BELAJAR SISWA DENGAN MINAT SISWA MELANJUTKAN STUDI KE
PERGURUAN TINGGI**

Studi Kasus pada SMA Pangudi Luhur, Desa Argasari, Kecamatan Sedayu
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Tujuan penelitian ini adalah untuk mengetahui: (1) ada hubungan positif antara tingkat pendidikan orang tua dengan minat siswa melanjutkan studi ke perguruan tinggi; (2) ada hubungan positif antara pendapatan orang tua dengan minat siswa melanjutkan studi ke perguruan tinggi; (3) ada hubungan positif antara lingkungan sosial dengan minat siswa melanjutkan studi ke perguruan tinggi; (4) ada hubungan positif antara prestasi belajar siswa dengan minat siswa melanjutkan studi ke perguruan tinggi.

Penelitian ini dilaksanakan di SMA Pangudi Luhur Sedayu, Desa Argasari, Kecamatan Sedayu, Kabupaten Bantul pada bulan November sampai dengan Desember 2006. Populasi penelitian ini adalah seluruh siswa kelas III SMA Pangudi Luhur Sedayu yang berjumlah 116 siswa. Sampel penelitian ini berjumlah 70 siswa. Teknik pengambilan sampel adalah *proportional random sampling*. Teknik pengumpulan data adalah kuesioner, dokumentasi, dan wawancara. Teknik analisis data untuk menjawab permasalahan pertama, kedua, ketiga, dan keempat adalah analisis korelasi *product moment*.

Hasil-hasil penelitian ini adalah: (1) ada hubungan positif antara tingkat pendidikan orang tua dengan minat siswa melanjutkan studi ke perguruan tinggi ($t_{hitung} = 3,288 > t_{tabel} = 1,995$); (2) ada hubungan positif antara pendapatan orang tua dengan minat siswa melanjutkan studi ke perguruan tinggi ($t_{hitung} = 3,001 > t_{tabel} = 1,995$); (3) ada hubungan positif antara lingkungan sosial dengan minat siswa melanjutkan studi ke perguruan tinggi ($t_{hitung} = 3,465 > t_{tabel} = 1,995$); (4) ada hubungan positif antara prestasi belajar siswa dengan minat siswa melanjutkan studi ke perguruan tinggi ($t_{hitung} = 2,100 > t_{tabel} = 1,995$).

ABSTRACT**THE RELATIONSHIPS BETWEEN PARENT'S EDUCATION LEVEL,
PARENT'S EARNING, SOCIAL ENVIRONMENT AND STUDENT'S
ACHIVEMENT WITH STUDENT'S INTEREST TO CONTINUE HIS/HER
STUDIES IN UNIVERSITY**

A Case Study in SMA Pangudi Luhur, Desa Argasari, Kecamatan Sedayu
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This research is intended to find out: (1) the positive relationship between parent's education level and student's interest to continue his/her study in university; (2) the positive relationship between parent's earning and student's interest to continue his/her study in university; (3) the positive relationship between social environment and student's interest to continue his/her study in university; (4) the positive relationship between student's achivment and student's interest to continue his/her study in university.

The population in this research was 116 of the third grade student's of SMA Pangudi Luhur Sedayu, Kecamatan Sedayu, Kabupaten Bantul. The total sample of the research was 70 student's. The technique used in obtaining the sample was proportional random sampling. This research was conducted from November to Desember 2006. The data collecting technique used were questionnaire, documentation and interview. The Corellation Analysis of Product Moment was used to answer the first, second, third, and fourth question.

The result of research showed that: (1) there was a positive relationship between parent's education level and student's interest to continue his/her study in university ($t_{test} = 3,288 > t_{table} = 1,995$); (2) there was a positive relationship between parent's earning and student's interest to continue his/her study in university ($t_{test} = 3,001 > t_{table} = 1,995$); (3) there was a positive relationship between soscial environment and student's interest to continue his/her study in university ($t_{test} = 3,465 > t_{table} = 1,995$); (4) there was a positive relationship between student's achivement and student's interest to continue his/her study in university ($t_{test} = 2,100 > t_{table} = 1,995$);