

## ABSTRAK

Saputro, Martinus Eka Noviawan. 2013. *Tindak Tutur Ilokusi dalam Novel Kemamang Karya Koen Setyawan*. Skripsi. Yogyakarta: PBSID. FKIP. JPBS. Universitas Sanata Dharma.

Penelitian ini berusaha menemukan jawaban terhadap dua masalah, yakni (a) wujud tindak tutur ilokusi yang terdapat dalam novel *Kemamang* karya Koen Setyawan, dan (b) maksud ilokusi yang terdapat dalam novel *Kemamang* karya Koen Setyawan.

Penelitian ini termasuk jenis penelitian kualitatif. Karena penelitian ini mendeskripsikan data yang berupa kata-kata. Pengumpulan data pada penelitian ini dengan teknik baca dan catat. Analisis data dalam penelitian ini dilakukan dengan langkah: (1) menangkap dan mengidentifikasi maksud tindak ilokusi novel dengan membaca tuturan, (2) data dikelompokan ke dalam wujud dan maksud tindak tutur ilokusi, dan (3) menguraikan data dengan cara menuliskannya.

Berdasarkan analisis data, penelitian ini menemukan lima wujud ilokusi dan maksud tindak tutur ilokusi, wujud tindak tutur ilokusi, yakni; (1) asertif yang berupa menyatakan, menyarankan, membual, mengeluh, dan mengklaim, (2), direktif yang berupa perintah, dan nasehat, (3) ekspresif yang berupa meminta maaf, menyalahkan, memuji, dan berbelasungkawa, (4) komisif yang berupa berjanji, bersumpah, dan menawarkan sesuatu, dan (5) deklarasi yang berupa berpasrah. Maksud tindak tutur ilokusi meliputi, maksud ilokusi asertif antara lain; (1) mengabaikan, (2) mengajak, (3) memberikan, (4) memberitahu, (5) menakut-nakuti, dan (6) menyuruh. Maksud ilokusi direktif, antara lain; (1) mengajak, (2) menolong, dan (3) menyuruh. Maksud ilokusi ekspresif, antara lain; (1) menyetujui, (2) menyuruh, (3) mengingatkan, (4) mengabaikan, (5) memperhatikan, (6) tidak bisa melakukan, (7) merasa heran, dan (8) menyadari. Maksud ilokusi komisif, antara lain; (1) tergesa-gesa, (2) mengabaikan, (3) mengerjakan, (4) menakut-nakuti, (5) mengajak, (6) mempengaruhi, (7) merasa takut, (8) meyakinkan, (9) menghargai dan (10) berharap. Maksud ilokusi deklarasi, antara lain; (1) meminta pertolongan, (2) memberi nasehat, (3) memberitahu,(4) tidak percaya, dan (5) mengajak.

## ABSTRACT

Saputro, Martinus Eka Noviawan. 2013. *Said Illocutionary Acts in the Novel Kemamang Author by Koen Setyawan*. Thesis. Yogyakarta PBSID. FKIP. JPBS. Sanata Dharma University.

This research tried to find answers in two problems, that are (a) Form of illocutionary speech acts contained in the work of Koen Setiawan *Kemamang* novel, and (b) Illocutionary intent contained in *Kemamang* novel Koen Setiawan works.

This research is qualitative research. Because this research describe the data in the form of words. Collecting data in this research did by reading and note technique. Analysis of the data in the research conducted by step: (1) capture and identify the purpose of the *follow-illocution* novel by reading the speech, (2) The data are grouped into the form and purpose of illocutionary speech acts, and (3) outlines the data by writing it down.

Based on the data analysis, this research found the five form illocutionary intent and speech act, a form of illocutionary speech acts, that are: (1) assertive in the form of states, suggesting, boasting, complaining, and claims, (2) directive in the form of orders and advice, (3) expressive form of apology, blaming, praising, and condolence, (4) komisif the form of promise, swear, and offer something, and (5) declaration in the form of surrender. Illocutionary speech act intent includes, among other assertive illocutionary intent of ; (1) neglect, (2) invite, (3) give, (4) tell, (5) make scare, and (6) order to do. Directive illocutionary intention, among others: (1) invite, (2) help, and (3) order to do. Expressive illocutionary intention, among others: (1) approve, (2) order to do, (3) warn, (4) ignore, (5) attention, (6) can not do, (7) feel surprise, and (8) realize. Commissive illocutionary intention, among others: (1) haste, (2) ignore, (3) work, (4) make scare, (5) invite, (6) affect, (7) feel afraid, (8) convince, (9) appreciate, and (10) hope. Illocutionary intention declarations, among others: (1) ask for help, (2) give advice, (3) tell, (4) do not believe, and (5) invite.