

## ABSTRAK

### HUBUNGAN ANTARA MOTIVASI BELAJAR, PERSEPSI SISWA TERHADAP JURUSAN, TINGKAT PENDIDIKAN ORANG TUA DAN MINAT SISWA SMA DALAM MEMILIH JURUSAN DI SMA

Studi kasus : Siswa kelas X SMA Pangudi Luhur Yogyakarta

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Yogyakarta

2013

Tujuan penelitian ini adalah untuk mendeskripsikan: (1) hubungan antara motivasi belajar dan minat siswa SMA dalam memilih jurusan di SMA; (2) hubungan antara persepsi siswa terhadap jurusan dan minat siswa SMA dalam memilih jurusan di SMA; (3) hubungan antara tingkat pendidikan orang tua dan minat siswa SMA dalam memilih jurusan di SMA.

Populasi dalam penelitian ini adalah seluruh siswa SMA Pangudi Luhur Yogyakarta yang berjumlah 567 siswa. Sampel penelitian ini adalah siswa kelas X yang berjumlah 174 responden. Penarikan sampel dilakukan berdasarkan teknik *purposive sampling*. Teknik analisis data yang digunakan adalah Korelasi dari *Pearson* dan *Rank Spearman*.

Hasil penelitian menunjukkan: (1) ada hubungan yang signifikan antara motivasi belajar dan minat siswa SMA dalam memilih jurusan di SMA ( $r_{hitung} = 0,555 > r_{tabel} = 0,1488$ ); (2) ada hubungan yang signifikan antara persepsi siswa terhadap jurusan dan minat siswa SMA dalam memilih jurusan di SMA ( $r_{hitung} = 0,446 > r_{tabel} = 0,1488$ ); (3) tidak ada hubungan antara tingkat pendidikan orang tua dan minat siswa SMA dalam memilih jurusan di SMA (pendidikan ayah  $r_{hitung} = 0,081 < r_{tabel} = 0,1488$  dan pendidikan ibu  $r_{hitung} = -0,058 < r_{tabel} = 0,1488$ ).

## ABSTRACT

**THE CORRELATION BETWEEN LEARNING MOTIVATION,  
STUDENT'S PERCEPTION ON THE MAJOR SUBJECT,  
PARENT'S EDUCATIONAL LEVEL AND STUDENT'S INTEREST  
IN CHOOSING THE MAJOR SUBJECT IN SENIOR HIGH SCHOOL**

**A Case Study on the Students of the Tenth Grade of Pangudi Luhur  
Senior High School Yogyakarta**

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2013

The purpose of this research is to describe: (1) the correlation between learning motivation and student's interest in choosing major subject in Senior High School; (2) the correlation between student's perception towards major subject and the student's interest in choosing major subject in Senior High School; (3) the correlation between parent's educational level and the student's interest in choosing the major subject in Senior High School.

The population of this study were 567 students of Pangudi Luhur Yogyakarta Senior High School. The samples were 174 students of the tenth grade. The technique of taking the samples is purposive sampling. The techniques for analysing the data were Pearson Correlative technique and Rank Spearman.

The result shows: (1) there is a significant correlation between student's learning motivation and student's interest in choosing major subject in Senior High School ( $r_{calculate} = 0,555 > r_{table} = 0,1488$ ); (2) there is a significant correlation between student's perception toward the major subject and students' interest in choosing the major subject in Senior High School ( $r_{calculate} = 0,446 > r_{table} = 0,1488$ ); (3) there isn't any correlation between parents' educational level and students' interest in choosing the major subject in Senior High School (father's education  $r_{calculate} = 0,081 < r_{table} = 0,1488$  and mother's education  $r_{calculate} = -0,058 < r_{table} = 0,1488$ ).