

ABSTRAK**HUBUNGAN ANTARA MEDIA PEMBELAJARAN DAN KEDISIPLINAN
BELAJAR DENGAN PRESTASI BELAJAR SISWA**

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Penelitian ini bertujuan untuk mengetahui apakah: (1) ada hubungan antara media pembelajaran dengan prestasi belajar siswa; (2) ada hubungan antara kedisiplinan belajar dengan prestasi belajar siswa; (3) ada hubungan antara media pembelajaran dan kedisiplinan belajar dengan prestasi belajar siswa.

Penelitian dilaksanakan di SMA Pangudi Luhur Sedayu Bantul. Populasi dalam penelitian ini adalah seluruh siswa SMA Pangudi Luhur Sedayu Bantul. Jumlah populasi penelitian ini adalah 281 siswa. Sampel penelitian ini berjumlah 99 siswa. Teknik pengambilan sampel adalah *purposive sampling*. Teknik pengumpulan data adalah kuesioner dan dokumentasi. Teknik analisis data adalah model analisis korelasi *product moment* dan analisis regresi ganda.

Dari hasil analisis dapat disimpulkan sebagai berikut = (1) terdapat hubungan positif dan signifikan antara media pembelajaran dengan prestasi belajar siswa (koefisien regresi sebesar 0,817; koefisien korelasi $r = 0,413$ dengan probabilitas sebesar 0,000). (2) terdapat hubungan positif dan signifikan antara kedisiplinan belajar dengan prestasi belajar siswa (koefisien regresi sebesar 0,591; koefisien korelasi $r = 0,262$ dengan probabilitas sebesar 0,002). (3) terdapat hubungan antara media pembelajaran dan kedisiplinan belajar dengan prestasi belajar siswa ($R = 0,500$ dengan probabilitas sebesar 0,000).

ABSTRACT**THE RELATION BETWEEN LEARNING MEDIA, LEARNING DISCIPLINE AND THE STUDENTS' LEARNING ACHIEVEMENT**

A Case Study on Students of the 11 th Grade of Pangudi Luhur Senior High School Sedayu Bantul

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This students' learning achievement; (2) there is any relation between learning discipline and students' learning achievement; (3) there is any relation between learning research intends to know whether: (1) there is any relation between learning media and media, learning discipline and students' learning achievement.

This research was conducted in Pangudi Luhur Senior High School, Sedayu Bantul. The population in this research were all of students of Pangudi Luhur Senior High School Sedayu Bantul. The total population in this research were 281 students. The samples of this research were 99 students. The technique of sample drawing was purposive sampling. The techniques of collecting the data were questionnaire and documentation. The techniques of data analysis were product moment correlation analytical model and multiple regression analysis.

From the result of this research it can be concluded as follow (1) there is positive and significant relation between learning media and students' learning achievement (regression coefficient is 0,817; correlation coefficient $r = 0,413$ by probability of 0,000); (2) there is positive and significant relation between learning discipline and students' learning achievement (regression coefficient is 0,59; correlation coefficient $r = 0,262$ by probability of 0,002); (3) there is relation between learning media, learning discipline and students' learning achievement ($r = 0,500$ by probability of 0,000).